

# Year 9 Knowledge Organiser: Equality – Empire and Slavery

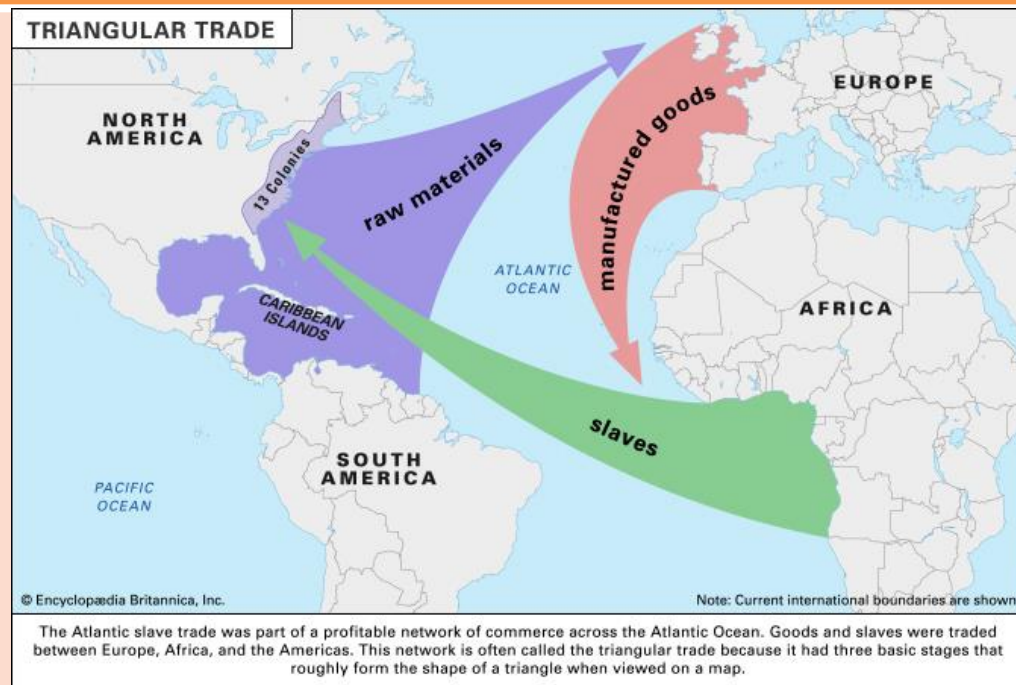


## Key Events



1	1562	Britain joins the slave trade. John Hawkins, the first Briton makes a huge profit transporting slaves.
2	1641-1700	All states in America legalize slavery
3	1705	The <a href="#">Virginia Slave Codes</a> are written.
4	1789	<a href="#">Olaudah Equiano</a> publishes autobiography
5	1777	Vermont is the first state to abolish slavery. 18 Northern states follow suit
6	1807	Slave Trade is <a href="#">abolished</a> in England
7	1833	Slavery is abolished in the British Empire
8	1861	US Civil War begins – North vs South. Although many reasons for the war, argument over slavery often seen as primary cause.
9	1865	<a href="#">Emancipation Proclamation Act</a> – Abraham Lincoln abolishes slavery in the United States – Civil War ends.
10	1865-66	<a href="#">Black Codes</a> passed in Southern States in reaction to abolishment of slavery

## Key Diagram



## Key Words



11	<b>Civilisation</b>	the society, culture, and way of life of a particular area.
12	<b>Colony</b>	a country or area under the full or partial political control of another country and occupied by settlers from that country.
13	<b>Commonwealth</b>	an international association consisting of the UK together with states that were previously part of the British Empire, and dependencies.
14	<b>Empire</b>	an extensive group of states or countries ruled over by a single monarch or a sovereign state.
15	<b>Exploitation</b>	the action or fact of treating someone unfairly in order to benefit from their work.
16	<b>Independence</b>	the fact or state of being independent.
17	<b>Middle Passage</b>	the sea journey undertaken by slave ships from West Africa to the West Indies.
18	<b>New World</b>	Name America was often referred to after it was discovered by European explorers
19	<b>Plantation</b>	an estate on which crops such as coffee, sugar, and tobacco are grown.
20	<b>Profit</b>	a financial gain, especially the difference between the amount earned and the amount spent in buying.
21	<b>Racism</b>	Prejudice directed against someone of a different race based on the belief that one's own race is superior.
22	<b>Rebellion</b>	an act of armed resistance to an established government or leader.
23	<b>Auction</b>	a public sale in which goods or property are sold to the highest bidder.
24	<b>Slave</b>	a person who is the legal property of another and is forced to obey them
25	<b>Triangular Trade</b>	Alternate name for the Atlantic Slave Trade
26	<b>Abolition</b>	the action of abolishing a system, practice, or institution.
27	<b>Black Codes</b>	any code of law that defined and especially limited the rights of former slaves after the Civil War.